Galatians 4.1-4.20

Instructions

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Interpretative Focus	(Chapter 3 v Chapter 4)

In chapter 3, Paul is focused on the Jews preoccupation with the law of Moses. In chapter 4 he reiterates his argument for the Gentiles who are more concerned with religious syncretism and pagan idolatry

In chapter 3 his main topic is **justification**, while in chapter 4 it is **sanctification**

- 1. What does Galatians 4.1 teach about the status of a child in an ancient Israeli home?
- 2. What does it mean to be under tutors and governors?
- What do you think "until the time appointed of the father" means?
 (Hint: Consider the role of the father in the process of a male child growing up in an Israelite family)
- 4. What is the "bondage under the elements of the world" Paul is referring to in verse 3
- 5. When the "fullness of the time was come" is a phrase Paul uses in verse 4. What do you think he meant by this?
- 6. In verse 5 Paul asserts that the Galatians were redeemed from the Law, but redeemed to what?

 The answer is in verse 5

- 7. What two words in verse 6 imply relational intimacy between the Christian and God the Father?
- 8. In verse 8, how does Paul characterize the spiritual life the Galatians led before they came to the knowledge of salvation?
- 9. In verse 9, what does Paul say they are in danger of because of the Judaizers?
- 10. Read verses 10 & 11. What is Paul saying he is afraid of?
- 11. "I am as you are" what do you think Paul might have meant by that in verse 12?
- 12. What is the question Paul is actually asking thee Galatian Christians in verses 15 & 16?
- 13. In verse 18, what does it mean to be zealously affected for good?
- 14. What do you think the phrase "until Christ be formed in you" means? (Verse 19)
- 15. In verse 20, what very disappointing feeling does Paul express about the Galatian Christians?